Approved For Release 2000/08/27 : CIA-RDP78-02771R000500480024-6

COLOMBIA:

Urrutia Holguin, Francisco Echeverri Cortes, Carlos

State Dept. declassification instructions on file

Approved For Release 2000/08/27 : ርሐሌ ቤው የሚያ

DEPARTMENT OF STATE Division of Biographic Information

URRUTIA Holguin, Francisco

COLOMBIA

Personal data: Born May 28, 1910, Quito, Ecuador (Colombian citizen by jus sanguinis); married, four children.

Education: Champiette College, Lausanne, Switzerland; Faculté de Droit de l'Ecole des Sciences Politiques, Paris; Doctor of Jurisprudence, National University, Bogotá, 1932.

Languages: English, French.

Career:

	September. Review of this desiment by DIA had determined that
1950	Delegate, UN General Assembly, fiftenession, New York,
1950-date	Deputy Permanent Representative to UN.
	(arrived in October).
1949	Delegate, UN General Assembly, fourth session, New York
1948-1949	Ambassador to Argentina.
1947	UN Security Council Special Commission on the Balkans.
1946-1947	Minister to Belgium.
	Assembly.
1941	Representative to the Cundin marca Departmental
	Del Rosario University, Bogotá.
1940-1946	Professor of International Law and Diplomatic History,
1938-1942	Member, Bogotá Municipal Council.
	Member of law firm of Brigard and Urrutia, Bogota.
1933-1945	Representative in Bogotá, International Labor Office;
1932-1933	Secretary of Legation, Quito.

Remarks:

Applaine getting of the Interest 6/169 The son of a famed Colombian diplomat and jurist, the late Francisco José Urrutia (negotiator of the Urrutia-Thompson Treaty with the U.S. which settled the Panama question in 1914), Urrutia Holguin is an ambitious lawyer trying to follow in his father's footsteps. Having spent most of his youth in Europe, he returned to Bogotá, finished his education, and entered the diplomatic service in 1932. However, he soon left to join a Bogotá law firm specializing in international law.

Throughout the next decade Urrutia Holguin maintained an interest in politics, identifying himself with a group of Conservatives who in 1943 opposed the Farty's chief, Laureano Gómez, now President of Colombia. In 1946 Orrusia's good friend Foreign Minister Fernando Londoño y Londoño persuaded him to return to the diplomatic service and obtained for him appointment as Minister to Belgium. Although he was then only 35 years old, he had already earned a reputation as a smart lawyer, very alert and progressive, and had acquired considerable wealth 1/, 2/

Three years later he was promoted to the mank of Ambassador and sent to Buenos Aires. His excellent performance enhanced his prestige.

and by 1949

USA has no objection to declars It contains Information of GIA interest that mest remain

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Additionly

CONFIDENTIAL

URRUTIA Holguin, Francisco (continued)

COLOMBIA

Remarks (continued):

and by 1949 he was already considered one of Colombia's ace international trouble shooters. When friction developed that year between Colombia and Peru over the harboring of Peruvian opposition leader Haya de la Torre in the Colombian Embassy in Lima, Urrutia had occasion to prove his mettle. He was immediately ordered to proceed from Buenos Aires to Lima to take personal charge of the discussions with the Peruvian government; he was subsequently credited with having obtained Peruvian agreement for submission of the case to the International Court of Justice. 3/

Although he has long been considered pro-American and has cooperated fully with U.S. missions, Urrutia has lately been severely critical of this country's policies. 4/ Nevertheless, he appears fully aware of the menace of communism, having expressed his belief that force is the only way to contain Soviet domination. 5/, 6/

OLI:BI:GSallas:sc

September 21, 1950

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1/ A. 577, Bogotá, October L., 1945 (Confidential).
2/ Biographic Data Report, Bogotá, March 27, 1946 (Confidential).
3/ T. 183, Lima, April 5, 1949 (Confidential).
4/ Biographic Data Report, Brussels, February 26, 1948 (Confidential).
5/ D. 798, Bogotá, December 23, 1949 (Confidential).
6/ D. 801, Bogotá, December 27, 1949 (Restricted).

Distribution:

Department

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Mission

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Other

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CIA/BR (2)
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Approved For Release 2000/08/27 : CIA-RDP78-0277 R090500 180024-6NOT TYPE IN THIS SPACE

FRIORITY (Security Classification)
WOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH

320/9-1753

FROM

AMERICAN EMBASSY, BOGOTA

360

TO

THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON.

September 17, 1955

REF

Mahasay Despatch No. 109 of August 25, 1255

	ACTION	DEPT.	
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	600 PS	0	
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SUBJECT:

DELEGATES TO VIII SESSION UNITED NATIONS GENERAL ASSEMBLY

On September 11, 1953 the Colombian Foreign Ministry issued a revised list of the Colombian Delegation to the Eighth Session of the United Nations General Assembly. The Delegation now consists of:

Francisco URRUTIA Holguin Chief of Delegation with the rank of Ambassador

Delegates

Carles ECHEVERRI Cortes , Ambassader

General Gabriel PARIS, Special Representative on the Disarmament Committee with the rank of Ambassador

Dr. Missel PASTRANA Borrere, Minister Plenipotentiary
Dr. Pastrana, until now Secretary General of the Foreign
Ministry, has been named New York representative of the
Caja Agraria (government agricultural credit fund), and will
alternate between this job and his duties in the United
Nations. Confidential Biographic Data Report submitted
January 21, 1955.

Ur. Alfredo CARBONELL, Winister Plenipotentiary

Substitute Delegates

Ednardo CARRIZOSA, Minister (NOT LISTED WITH UN NEADQUARTERS-29 Sept. 53)
José UMAÑA Bernal, Minister
Gustavo GAVIRIA, Counsellor
Alberto SUAREZ Borrero, First Secretary

Note: Those names marked with & were members of last year's Delegation.

Confidential Biographic Data Reports ware submitted at that time. CHDs will be submitted on Paris, Carbonell and Hmaffa as soon as possible.

For the Ambassader?

Copy to Mr. Gerberich, Colembian Desk

William D. Graig Second Secretary of Physics

Approved For Release 2000/08/27: 014:13876:02771R000500480024-0

Approved For Release 2000/08/27 : CIA-RDP78-02/74/R000500480024-60T TYPE IN THIS SPACE ATR POUCH (Security Classification) 320/9-1653 FOREIGN SERVICE DESPATCH AMERICAN EMBASSY, BOGOTA 1.58 NO THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE, WASHINGTON. September 16, 1958 Embassy Despatch No. 160, September 17, 1953 entitled "Delegates to VIII ACTIONS CONTROL United Nations General Assembly Decument No. . Raview of this document by CIA has USUN ARA UNA OLI detarmined that GIA has no objection to declass F OTHER REC'D CIA It contains information of CIA SEP 21 inforast that must remain BIOGRAPHIC MATERIAL ON ALFREDO CARBONELL 74 mie. 250' 4 1 23 8 £ 3 - 1278

On September 11, 1953, the Colombian Foreign Office announced that Dr. Alfred Carbonell, a Conservative from the Department of Atlantice, had been named as one of the Colombian delegates to the VIII United Nations General Assembly.

Dr. Carbonell, a heavy set man about 55 years old, is the son of Abel Carbonell, recent Colombian Ambassador to Panama and one of the leading political thinkers in the Conservative Party today. Young Carbonell has previously been no med?

August 22, 1946 - Secretary of Public Works of Atlantice

May 31, 1949 - Secretary of Finance of Atlantice

October, 1949 - Governor of Atlantice

July 1, 1953 - Alternate delegate to the United Nations

Subsequent to his leaving the Governorship in August, 1950, until his July, 1955 appointment, Dr. Carbonell appears not to have held public office.

Politically, the Subject is a follower of ex-President Mariano CSPINA, which is separation from office during the Laureano GCMEZ regime 1950-55. Libe to ther Ospinistas, particularly those from the Liberal coastal districts, Carbonell seems to be "reasonable" in a political sense. His parting words on leaving the Governor's job were, "I retire satisfied that no one can say that he was persecuted by me".

Morally, Dr. Carbonell's reputation is neither outstandingly good nor outstandingly bad.

No information regarding his ability is available, indicating that he is unlikely to set the United Nations afire.

For the Ambassadors

Copy to Mr. Gerberich, Colombian Desk

FROM

TO

REF

18

For Dept.

Use Only

SUBJECT:

Second Secretary of Boussy

Approved For Release 2000/08/27 : Ctors 1177717777771R000500480024-6

ECHEVERRI Cortes, Carlos: Recently appointed head of the permanent delegation to the United Nations. A wealthy member of Colombia's landed aristocracy. Since completing his private business interests and become a recognized authority on modern farming and animal husbandry. Besides, he has taken active part in public life as congressman, Senator, cabinet member amd diplomat, in none of which he has been outstanding. It was as Ambassador to Peru that he gained fame when in 1949 he gave asylum in his Embassy to the Peruvian opposition leader Victor Raul Haya de la Torre. Echeverri's irrascrible attitude in the face of the ensuing friction made his presence in Lima undesirable and he was recalled. Since then he has occupied the posts of Manager of the Agrarian, Industrial and Mining Credit Bank and of Minister of Communications. Now 52 years of age, he is ultraconservative, entirely hostile to communism, and outwardly friendly to the United States. It is well to remember, however, that he can be extrememly ingratiating with those who he feels can be of use to him and that he is considered quite unscrupulous and egotistical.

Oct. 15, 1952